### ISBSG data in Industry

Present and Future

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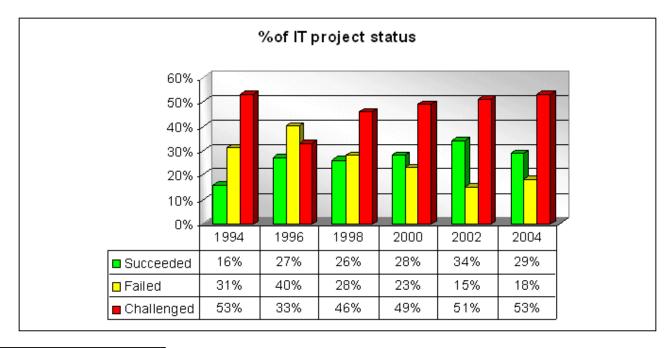
### Do you like to live dangerously?





### The good news

Only 29% of IT-projects 2004 within time and budget (Chaos Report )



Source: Standish Group – Chaos Report



### File Title

### Six most common causes

- Lack of user involvement
- Incomplete requirements
- Changing requirements
- Lack of executive support
- Developer incompetence
- Unrealistic expectations





## 3/07 File

### Impact of poor estimates

- Missed delivery dates
   Loss of business / position
- Failing projects
   Resources wasted
- Cancelled projects
   Money spent, resources wasted no business value
- Business case [for IT investment] Invalidated



### Trends in IT Services – Customer View

- IT should be beneficial to business
- The organisation should focus on core business
  - IT Risk to supplier / IT Risk shared with supplier
  - (Out)Sourcing
- Cost reduction
  - Value for money
  - Transparent proposal
- Standardisation
  - Packages
  - Process
- Customer Satisfaction
  - On time, on budget with the agreed functionality AND quality



### Trends in IT Services – Supplier View

- IT services should be profitable
- The organisation should be compelling
  - Prepared to take / to share the customer risks
  - Profiling as an (Out)Sourcing partner / party
- Cost effective
  - Value for money
  - Competitive proposal
- Standardisation
  - Process & Procedures (Factory)
  - Risk Management
- **Customer Satisfaction** 
  - On time, on budget with the agreed functionality AND quality



### The solution !!!

The customer should ask for a contract based on a price per unit.

The supplier should offer contracts based on a price per unit.

This requires

- Functional "excellence".
- Good estimates / right expectations.
- International accepted units.
- Historical data.
- Benchmark standards.



### Functional Excellence

Provide the necessary processes, standards and tools such that the IT Function can deliver projects on time, within budget and to business expectations consistently and in a sustainable manner in a multisource environment.

Create an organisational capability which will be deemed (top quartile) in Project Delivery by external benchmarks.



### **Need for an Estimation Process**

- Consistency
  - Controllability
  - Common language
- Transparency
  - Understanding the impact of cost drivers
- Objectivity
  - Fact based, not 'intuition' based
  - Models, methods
  - Historical database, benchmark



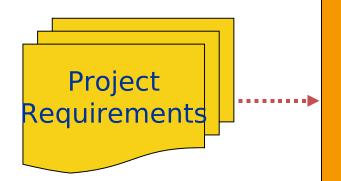
### Models

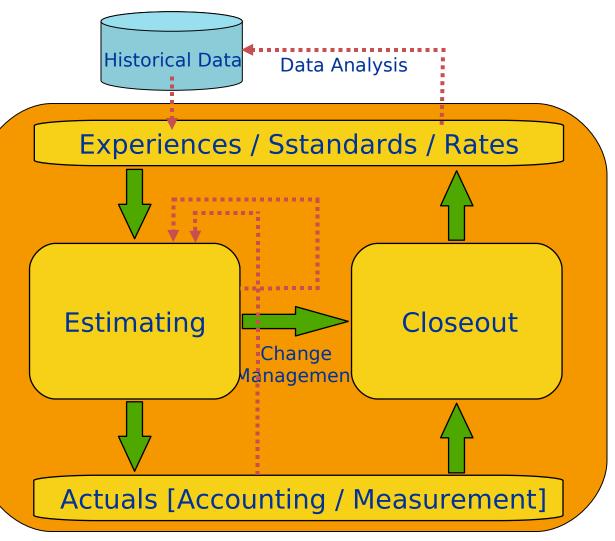
Models are not the "end-game", no "silver bullet" but can help create a common language

- They are only a starting point for discussions on various elements of application support cost management
- They should be refreshed for benchmarks, newly available measurement data, and pragmatic considerations
- Models serve as a platform on a healthy exchange of ideas on the impact of cost drivers
- They also serve as a tool to set the cost expectations on the demand side



# Estimating Cycle





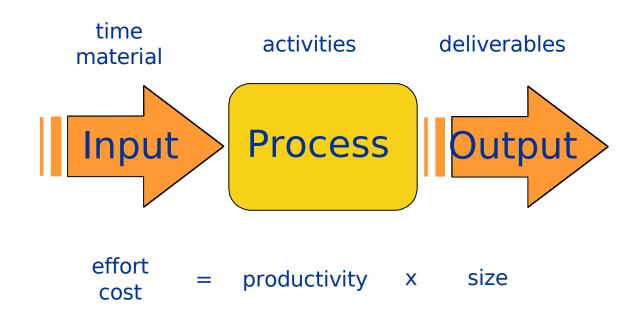


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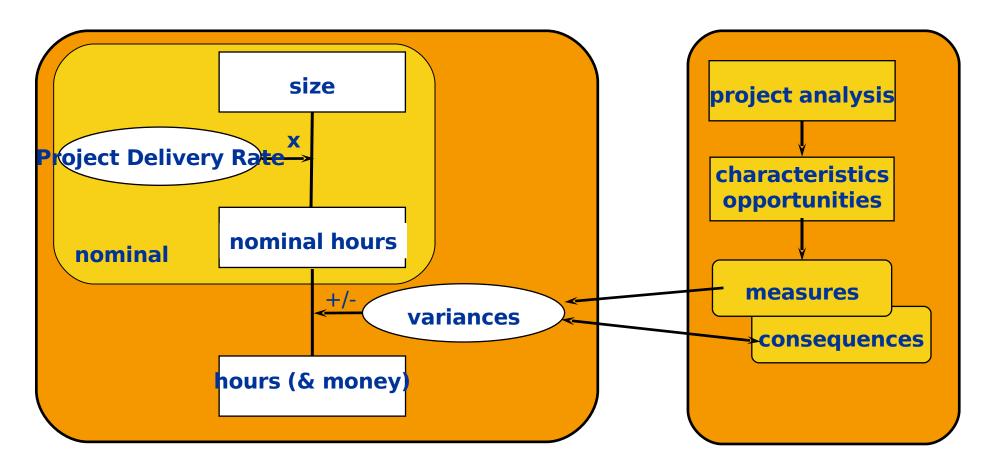
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### Input - Process - Output





### **Enhanced Measurement Model**





### File Title

### Methods

- COSMIC Full Functions
  - Measurement Manual V3.0 (September 2007)
  - Application Guide V1.0 (December 2005)
  - COSMIC/Sogeti Maintenance Sizing (2004)
- Function Points
  - IFPUG Counting Practices V4.2 (2004)
  - NESMA Counting Practices V.2.2 (2005)
  - (NESMA)/Sogeti Maintenance Sizing (1996 / 1992)
- Use Case Point
  - IBM / Rational
- •

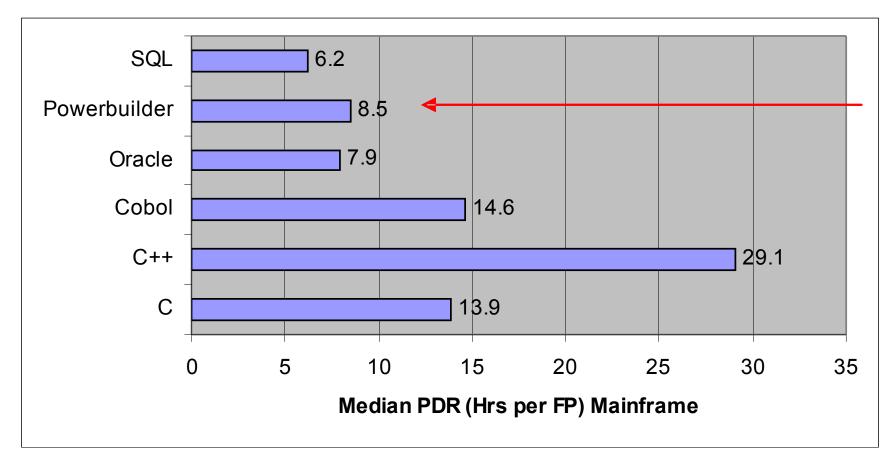


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### Median Project Delivery Rates









































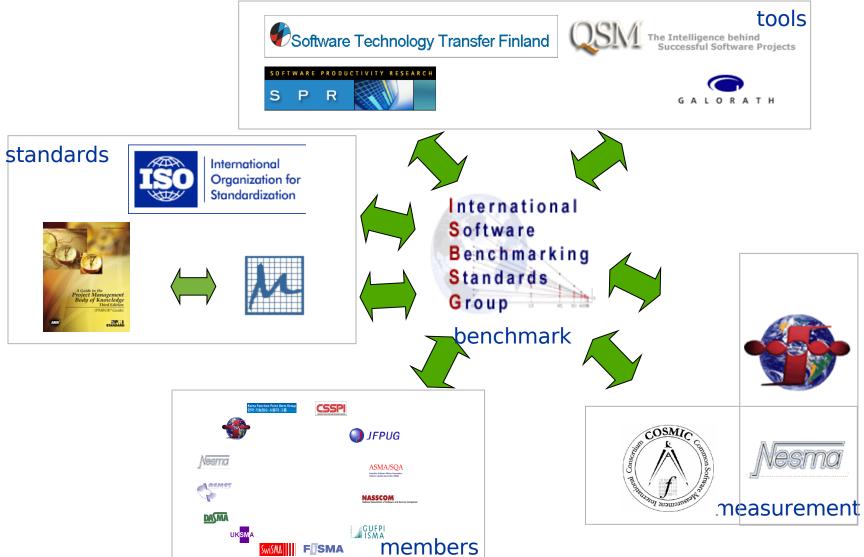








### Connections





- single user: CD version, limited detailed data per project
- corporate version: 1 to 5 users (basis), more data fields, every half-year an update
- Run & Maintain (PILOT)
   Data from application focussing effort and cost to keep the application operational
   R0 (2007), < 140 projects</p>
  - corporate version: 1 to 5 users (basis), more data fields
- Business Application Packages (under construction)
   Data from projects focussing on a acquisition and implementation of packages
- Testing (under construction)
   Data of the test activity as part of the life cycle or as dedicated activity

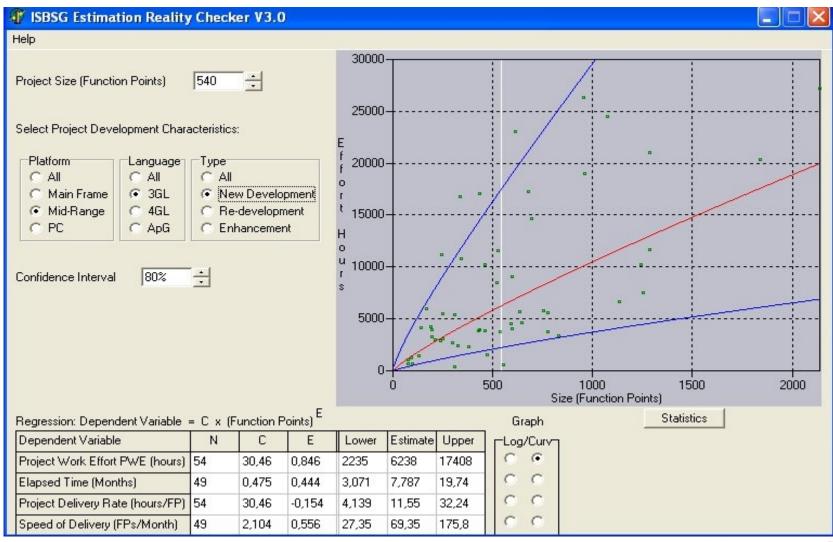
   Information/Technology

### **Example Project**

Variables	Expectations
Size	540 fp
Domain	Business
Language	Cobol (3GL)
Platform	Mainframe
Constraint	€ 1,000,000 10 Months



### Reality Checker





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## File Title

### Reality Checker

Variables	Expectations	Reality Checker
Size	540 fp	540 fp
Domain	Business	-
Language	Cobol (3GL)	3 GL
Platform	Midrange	Midrange
Constraint s	€ 1,000,000 1,741,000	€ 624,000 -
	10 Months	7.8 - 19.7 Months



### Reality Checker (online)

The reality is that, compared to projects that match yours in the ISBSG Repository

72 % were delivered within your expected effort

30,5 % were delivered within your expected elapsed duration

what do I do now?

### Reality Check results - spread of projects compared to yours is

### Effort - total project hours:

ISBSG 125 comparable

projects:

Minimum.

25 Percentile

Median

75 Percentile

Maximum

4806

8100

12636

Your project:

### **Duration - elapsed months:**

ISBSG 105 comparable

projects:

Minimum

25 Percentile

8,7

Median

75 Percentile

Maximum

14,6 25,8

Your project:



Standards

Group





### It's better to be a winner!





